

DTU



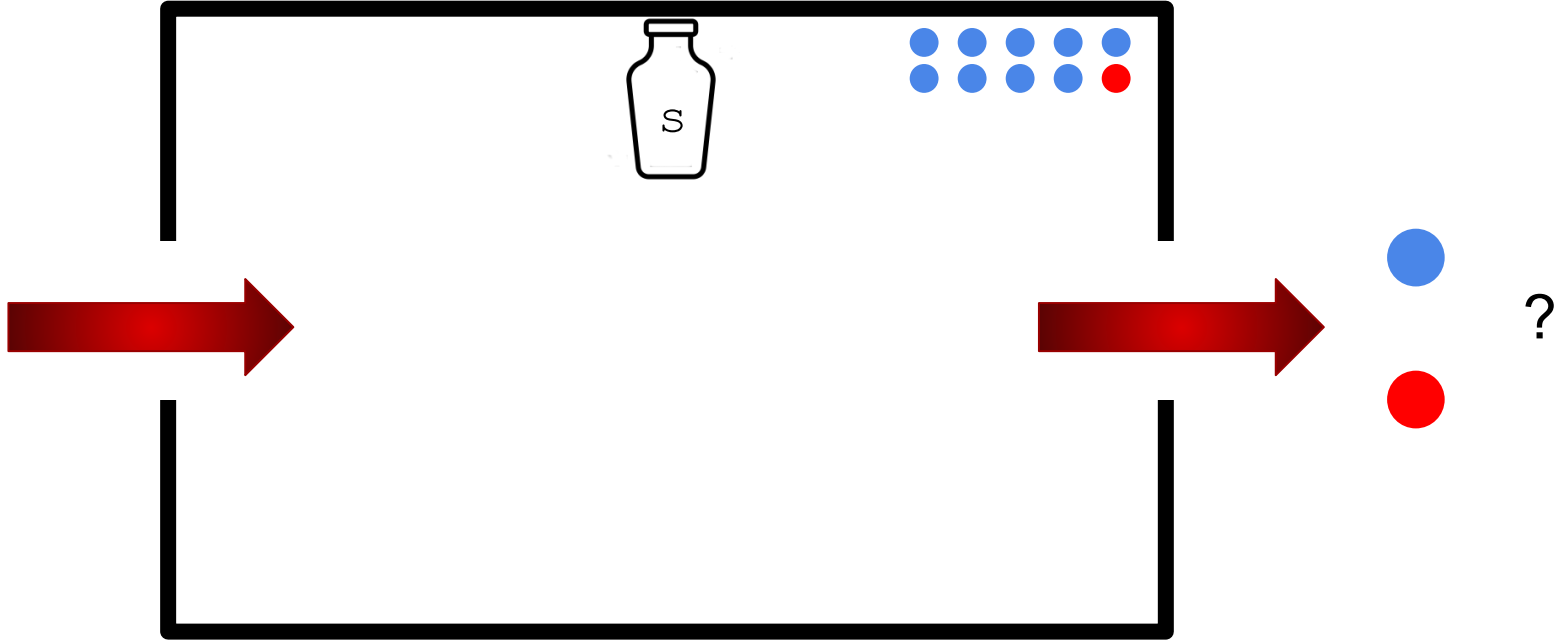


**DTU Health Technology  
Bioinformatics**

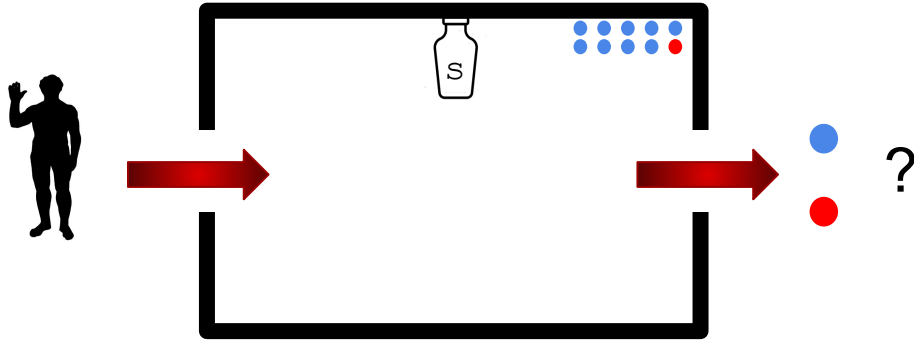
## **Brief refresher on conditional probabilities and the Bayesian theorem**

*Gabriel Renaud  
Associate Professor  
Section of Bioinformatics  
Technical University of Denmark  
gabriel.reno@gmail.com*

# Brief probability reminder ... but first a little game!



## Brief probability reminder

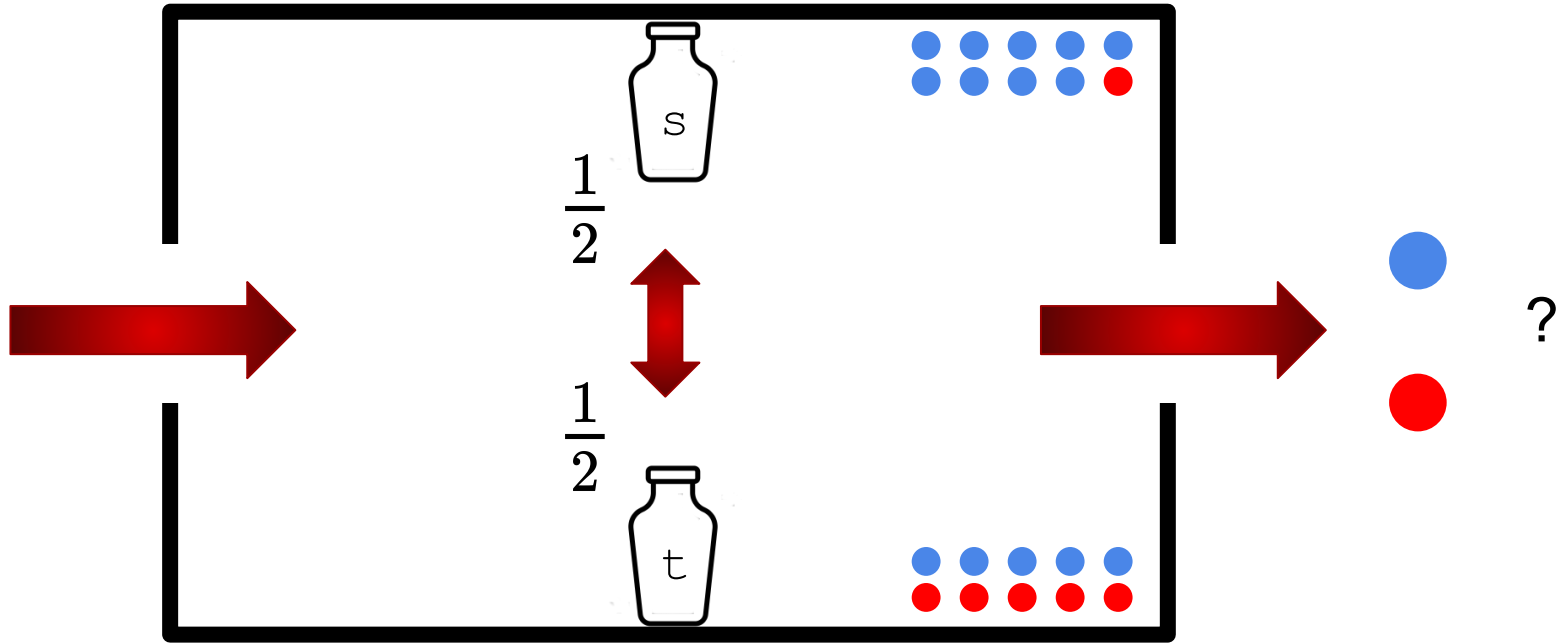


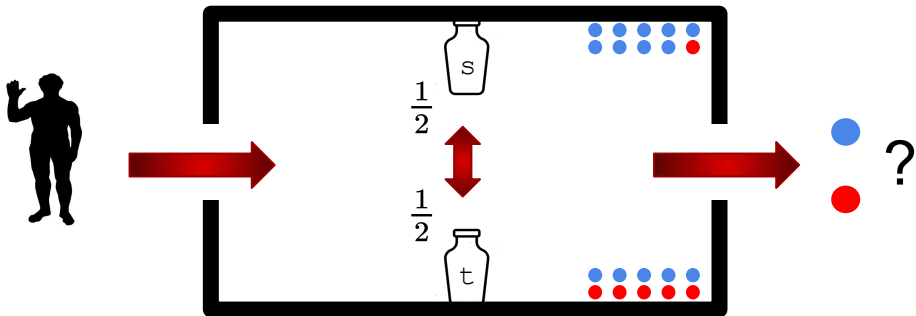
Events:

$E$  = our player picked a red ball

$$P(E) = \frac{1}{10} = 0.1$$

# Brief probability reminder





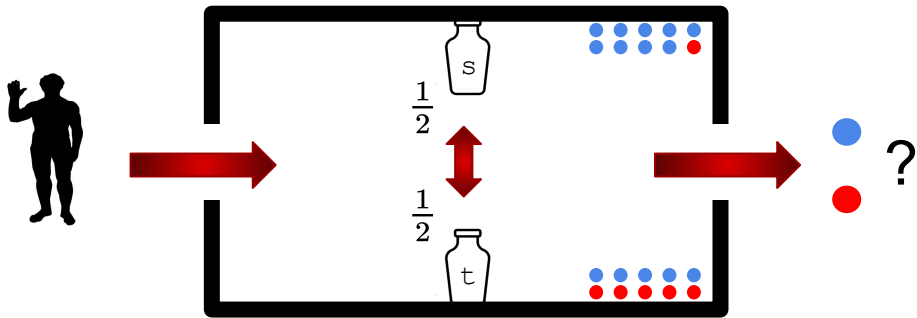
$E$  = our player picked a red ball

$S$  = our player picked the 's' urn

$$P(S) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$P(E|S) = \frac{1}{10} = 0.1$$

← conditional probability (assuming our player picked the 's' urn)



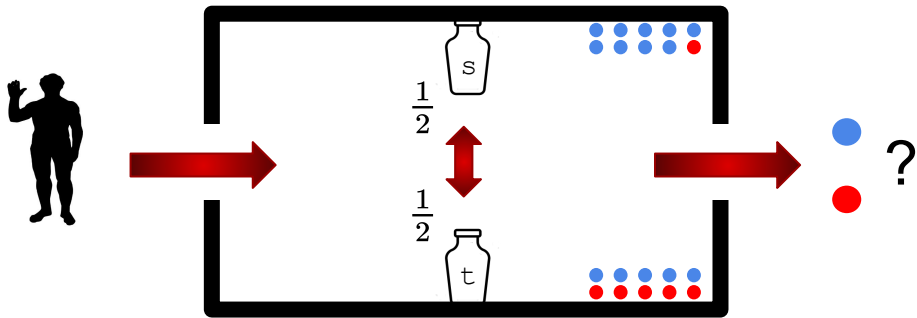
$E$  = our player picked a red ball

$S$  = our player picked the 's' urn

$T$  = our player picked the 't' urn

$$P(T) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$P(E|T) = \frac{5}{10} = \frac{1}{2} = 0.5$$



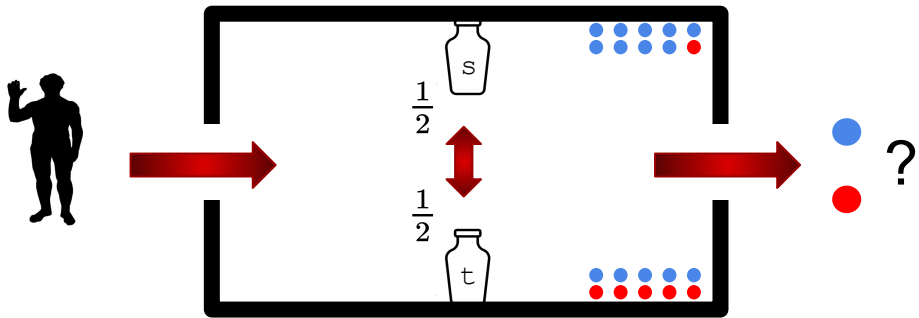
$S$

$T$

$$P(E) = \text{(Our player picked urn 's' and picked a red ball)} + \text{(Our player picked urn 't' and picked a red ball)}$$

$$P(E) = P(S)P(E|S) + P(T)P(E|T)$$



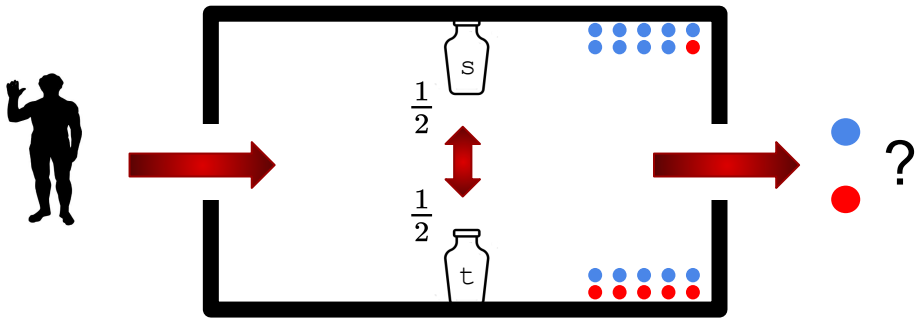


$$P(E) = P(S)P(E|S) + P(T)P(E|T)$$

$$P(E) = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{5}{10}$$

$$P(E) = \frac{1}{20} + \frac{5}{20}$$

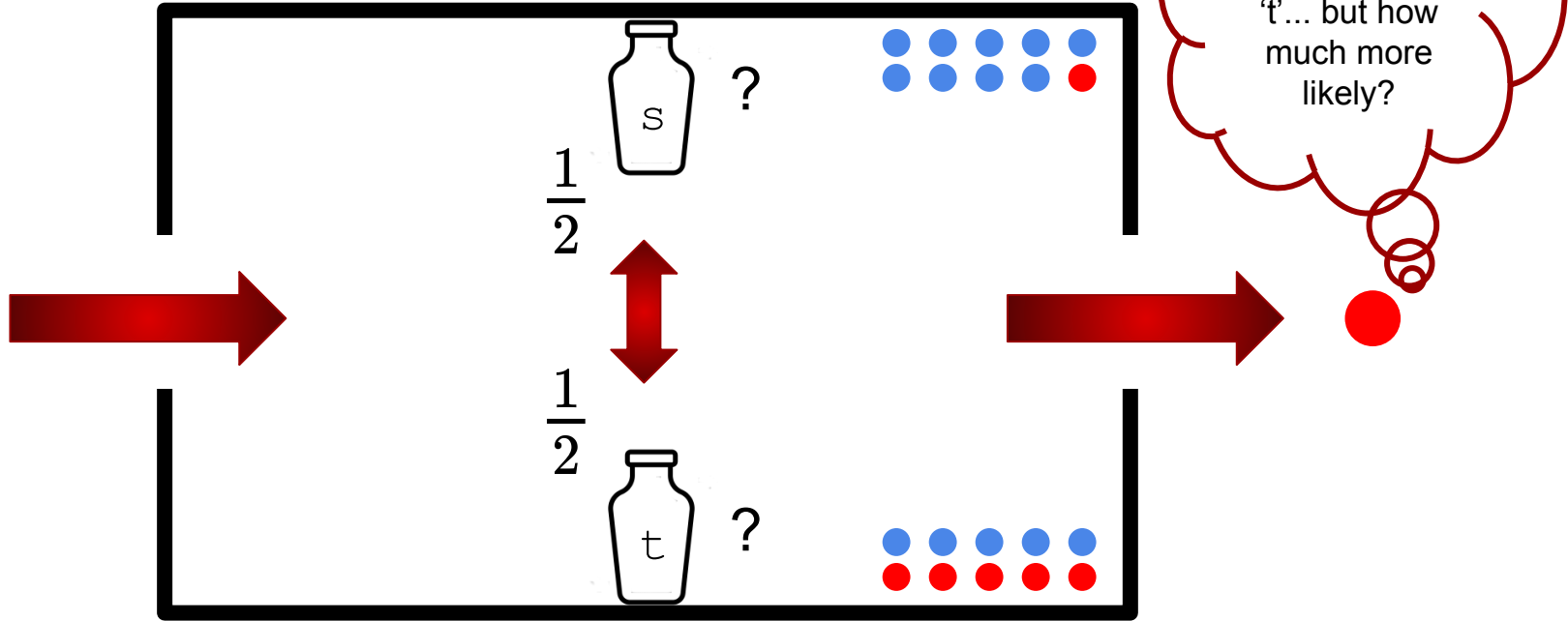
$$P(E) = \frac{6}{20}$$

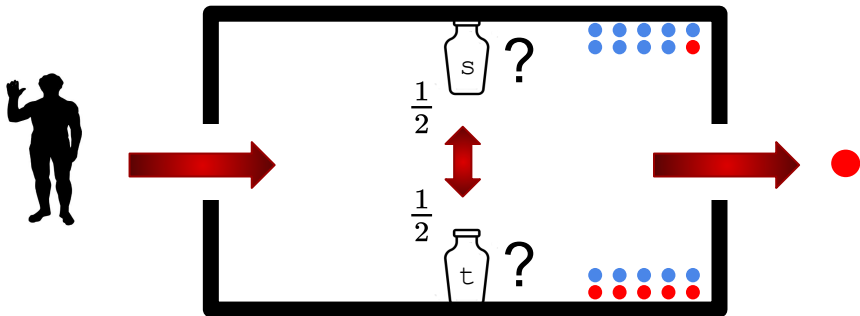


$$P(E) = \frac{6}{20}$$

There is a 30% chance of getting a red ball

What is the probability that urn 't' was selected given that our player came out with a red ball?



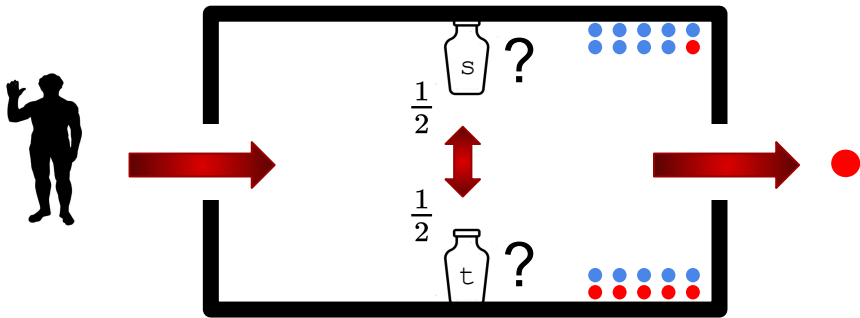


$E$  = our player picked a red ball

$T$  = our player picked the 't' urn

We seek:

$$P(T|E)$$



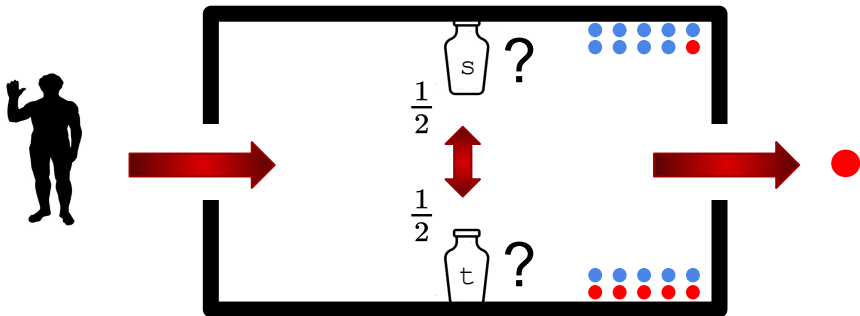
$E$  = our player picked a red ball  
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Bayes' Theorem



Thomas Bayes (1701 - 1761)

$$P(T|E) = \frac{P(T)P(E|T)}{P(E)}$$

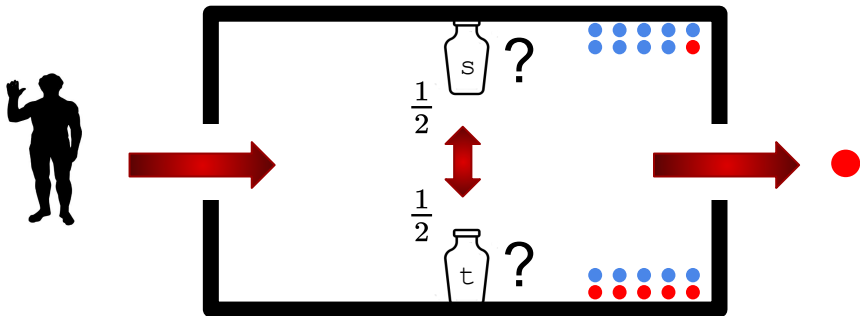


$E$  = our player picked a red ball

$T$  = our player picked the 't' urn

What is the **prior** probability of picking urn 't'?

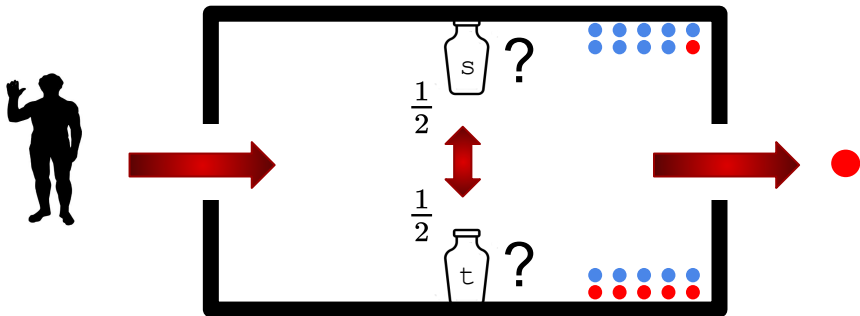
$$P(T|E) = \frac{P(T)P(E|T)}{P(E)}$$



$E$  = our player picked a red ball  
 $T$  = our player picked the 't' urn

What is the **prior** probability of selecting urn 't'?

$$P(T|E) = \frac{\frac{1}{2} P(E|T)}{P(E)}$$



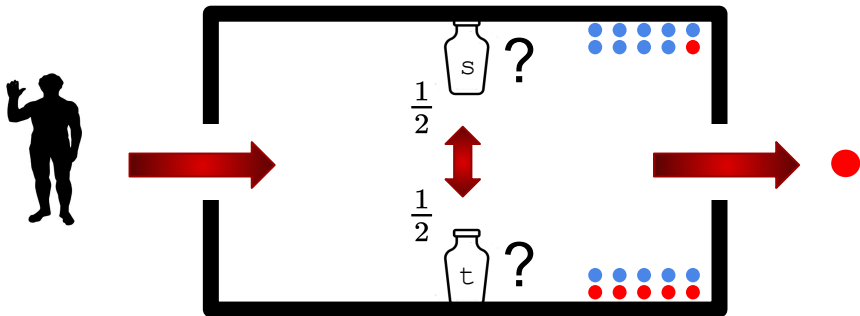
$E$  = our player picked a red ball

$T$  = our player picked the 't' urn

What is the probability of sampling a red ball given than I selected the urn 't'?

$$P(T|E) = \frac{\frac{1}{2} P(E|T)}{P(E)}$$





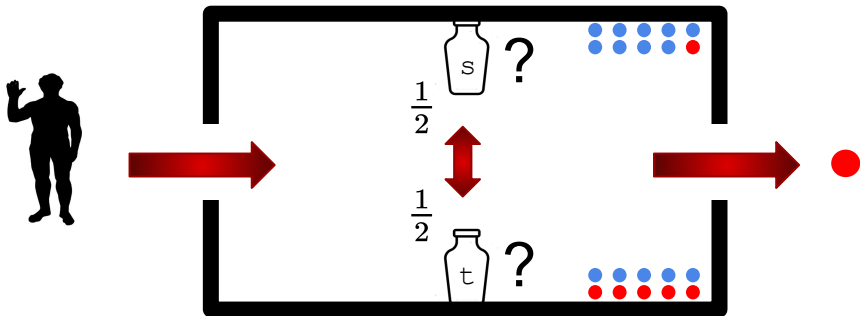
$E$  = our player picked a red ball

$T$  = our player picked the 't' urn

What is the probability of sampling a red ball given that I selected the urn 't'?



$$P(T|E) = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{5}{10}}{P(E)}$$



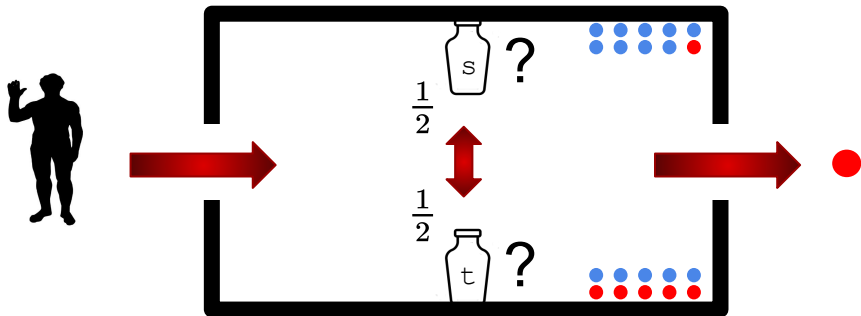
$E$  = our player picked a red ball

$T$  = our player picked the 't' urn

$$P(T|E) = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{5}{10}}{P(E)}$$

What is the probability of  
sampling a red ball  
altogether?





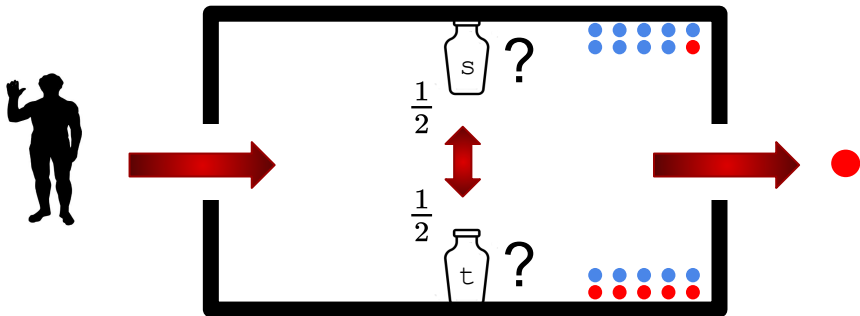
$E$  = our player picked a red ball

$T$  = our player picked the 't' urn

$$P(T|E) = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{5}{10}}{\frac{6}{20}}$$

What is the probability of  
sampling a red ball  
altogether?

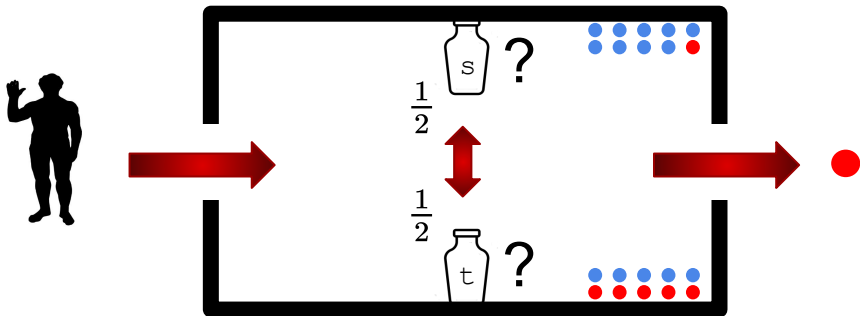
$$\frac{6}{20}$$



$E$  = our player picked a red ball

$T$  = our player picked the 't' urn

$$P(T|E) = \frac{\frac{5}{20}}{\frac{6}{20}}$$

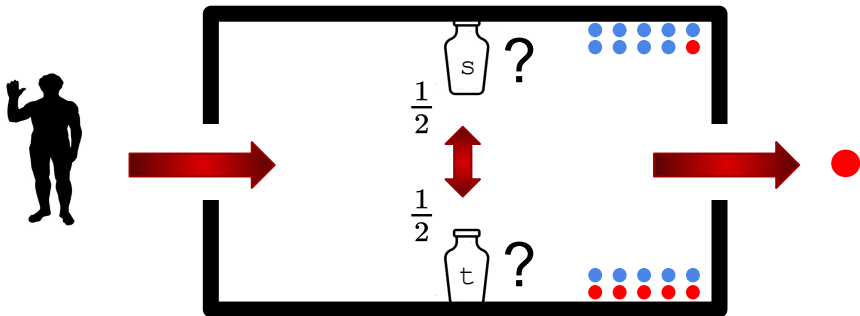


Another way to visualize:

RED	RED	RED	RED	RED
RED	BLUE	BLUE	BLUE	BLUE
BLUE	BLUE	BLUE	BLUE	BLUE
BLUE	BLUE	BLUE	BLUE	BLUE

$E$  = our player picked a red ball  
 $T$  = our player picked the 't' urn

$$P(T|E) = \frac{\frac{5}{20}}{\frac{6}{20}}$$



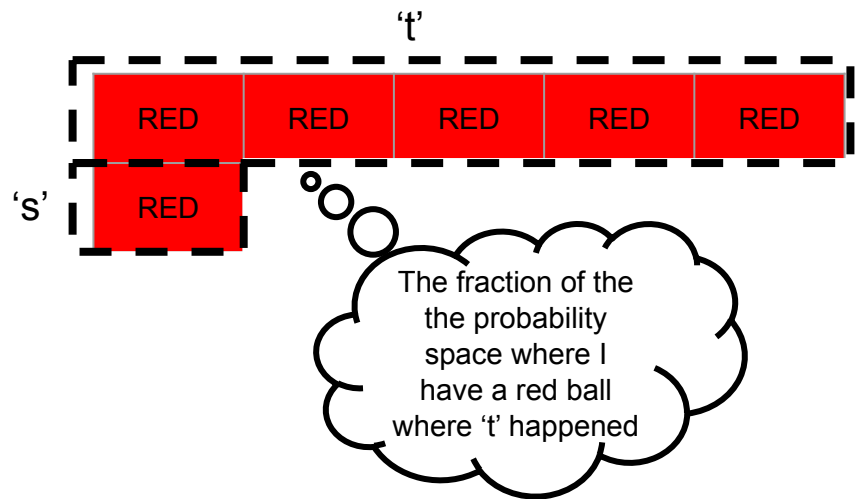
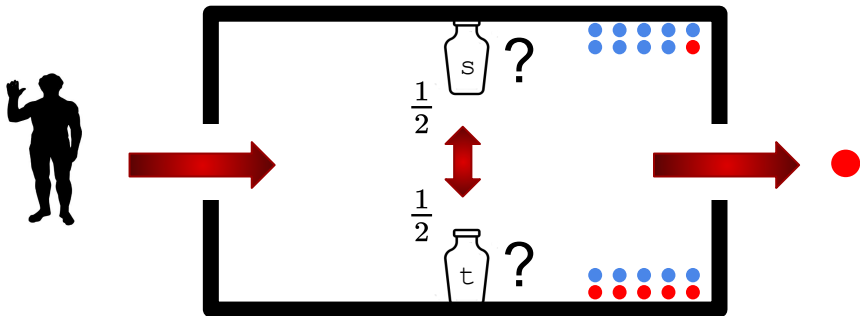
Another way to visualize:



The probability space where I have a red ball

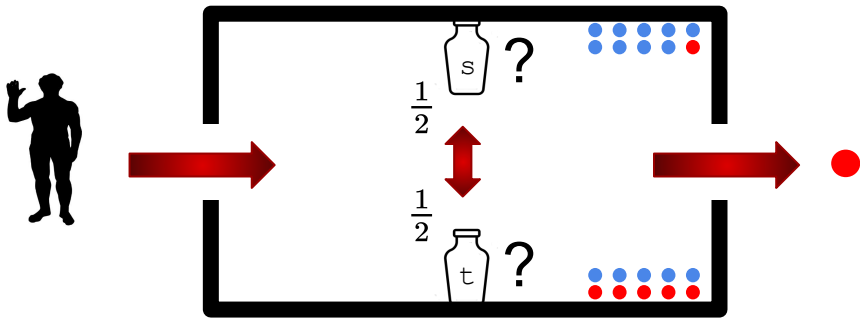
$E$  = our player picked a red ball  
 $T$  = our player picked the 't' urn

$$P(T|E) = \frac{\frac{5}{20}}{\frac{6}{20}}$$



$E$  = our player picked a red ball  
 $T$  = our player picked the 't' urn

$$P(T|E) = \frac{\frac{5}{20}}{\frac{6}{20}}$$

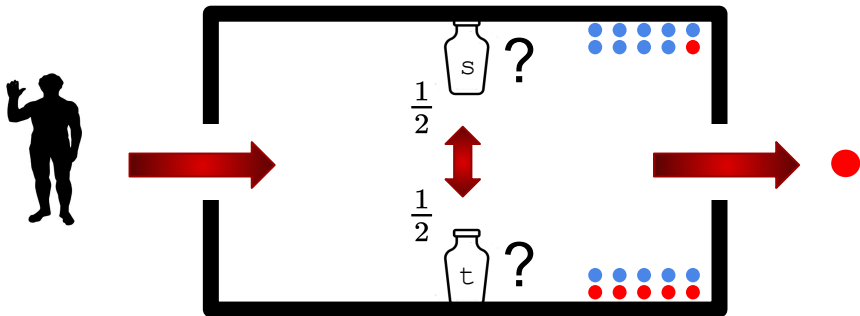


$E$  = our player picked a red ball

$T$  = our player picked the 't' urn

$$P(T|E) = \frac{5}{6} \approx 83\%$$





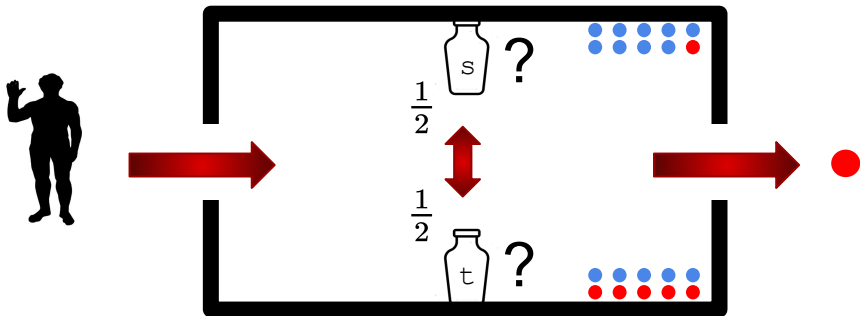
Let us think about Bayes' theorem a bit more...

- The color of the ball is an observation
- The urn that was selected is a piece of information I cannot have access to, a mental model
- I made a prediction about the probability of a model being correct given an observation

$E$  = our player picked a red ball

$T$  = our player picked the 't' urn

$$P(T|E) = \frac{P(T)P(E|T)}{P(E)}$$



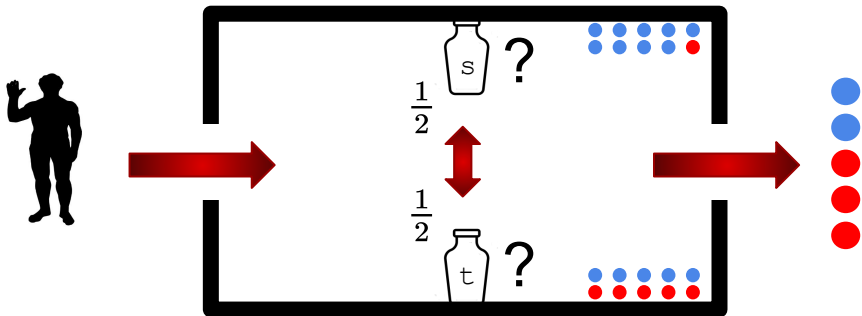
$M$  = a model

$D$  = our data, our observation

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- The color of the ball is an observation
- The urn that was selected is a piece of information I cannot have access to, a mental model
- I made a prediction about the probability of a model being correct given an observation

$$P(M|D) = \frac{P(M)P(D|M)}{P(D)}$$



$M$  = a model

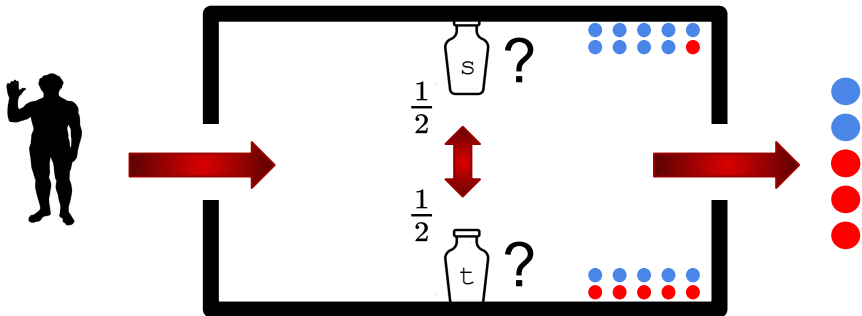
$D$  = our data, our observation

Let us think about Bayes' theorem a bit more...

- Say our player:
  - selects an urn at random
  - picks a ball
  - records it
  - picks a ball again the **same** urn
- Our player does this 5 times
- When he leaves, he reports his observations

Observations 1:





$M$  = a model

$D$  = our data, our observation

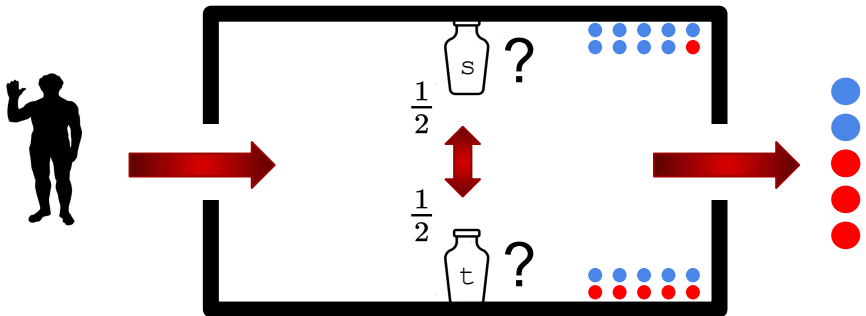
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- When he leaves, he reports his observations

Observations 1:



What is the probability that urn 't' was selected? ~97%



$M$  = a model

$D$  = our data, our observation

key ideas:

- Additional independent observations can give us more confidence in a model being the correct one
- Confidence is never absolute

Observations 1:



What is the probability that urn 't' was selected? ~97%